

Curso dirigido al profesorado La Agencia Espacial Europea: estudiar el Sol para viajar al interior de las estrellas





Gaia: unveiling the misteries of the Milky Way

Pilar Esquej, Gaia SOC 18th November 2021

European Space Agency



Astrometry across time

Gaia





- Around 1000 BCE: Assyro-Babylonians recorded for the first time systematic observations of stars
- Around 300 BCE: Greeks made the first attempts to estimate cosmic scales
- Renaissance: Copernicus revolutionised the view of the cosmos with the heliocentric system
- The availability of improved instruments and the acceptance of the heliocentric system gave astronomers renewed motivation to search for stellar parallax.

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Parallax

Gaia



 We have an stereoscopic vision, each eye captures a 2D image and the brain produces a 3D image to perceive a sense of depth.



• The parallax is an apparent movement of a foreground object with respect to its background owing to a change in the observer's position



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The required reach of Gaia



Figures courtesy NASA/JPL-Caltech/R. Hurt and X. Luri & the DPAC-CU2

Gaia

• Gaia is a fully European mission designed, built and operated by ESA.

- Launch on 19 December 2013, 09:12 UTC from Kourou Space Port (French Guayana)
- The main goal of Gaia is to make the largest, most precise 3D map of our Galaxy by surveying an unprecedented one per cent of the galaxy's population of 100 billions of stars
- The Gaia Data Processing and Analysis Consortium (DPAC) are responsible for processing the data, which is published in the Gaia catalogue.



Understanding our Galaxy with Gaia



 Gaia will obtain data which allows us unravelling its formation history, getting insight of the past and present merger activity of the Galaxy



Gaia

Gaia measures the position, movement and brightness of stars with unprecedented levels of accuracy





Time machine!

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The spacecraft – how to achieve microarcsec accuracy?



The Gaia spacecraft has a size of 3.8 m diameter and a height of 3.5 m (10.2m with the sunshield fully deployed)

- Thermally stable: sun shied, L2 orbit, design s/c
- Stable mechanical elements:
 - x Extensive use of silicon Carbide for the structures and mirrors
 - x High mechanical and thermal decoupling between payload and service modules
- Largest focal plane

Gaia

- x The FPA is very large (1.9m \times 1m \times 1.2m) and complex
- Ultra-precise atomic-clock
- 80 observations per source along the mission
- Complex data processing



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Gaia launch and orbit (credit: EADS Astrium)

5 - 6 years of (almost) continuous observation

Lissajous orbit around L₂ ~1 orbit correction per month

~1 month transfer orbit to L_2

Soyuz/Fregat launch from Kourou (French Guyana) L₂, a = 1.01 AU

A Giga pixel focal plane

Gaia



106 CCDs , 938 million pixels, 2800 cm²



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Telescopes and mirrors

Gaia







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Service and Payload Modules











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Gaia

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Unprecedented accuracy: 10 microarcseconds!







- It is the angle of an euro coin on the surface of the moon seen from the Earth
- Or the width of a hair seen from 500km

Gaia

• A 100m building in Uranus seen from the Earth

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Data processing

Gaia







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Our Galaxy before and after Gaia







Hipparcos 2M

Gaia

Gaia 1.8B

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The required reach of Gaia



Figures courtesy NASA/JPL-Caltech/R. Hurt and X. Luri & the DPAC-CU2

The required reach of Gaia



Figures courtesy GigaGalaxyZoom.org and X. Luri & the DPAC-CU2

Gaia Early Data Release 3



• Gaia has produced the largest, most precise 3D map of our Galaxy by surveying an unprecedented one per cent of the galaxy's population of 100 billions of stars

• Released on Dec 3th 2020 @12:00 - https://gea.esac.esa.int/archive/





Hertzprung-Russel Diagram: stellar family portrait CSC eSa





 Most detailed ever seen with Gaia! ~100 times more stars than with Hipparcos.







But not only about the Milky Way and its stars...

... Gaia brings a revolution in every Astronomy field.

https://www.cosmos.esa.int/web/gaia/science

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